



DELWP BIOSITE 3546, ST ALBANS

CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT AND BUTTON WRINKLEWORT RECOVERY PLAN

ANNUAL MONITORING
REPORT, February 2024

Prepared for



April 2024
Report No. 18208 (7.0)



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1. INTRODUCTION

The approved *Conservation Management and Button Wrinklewort Recovery Plan* (the 'CMP', Brett Lane and Associates (BL&A) Report 12152 (10.5), dated April 2016) for the Main Road, St Albans Level Crossing Removal Project was prepared to manage Biosite 3546, referred to herein as the 'Biosite'.

The CMP requires that for every year for five years after the commencement of construction activities, surveys for listed threatened species and ecological communities are to be undertaken by a suitably qualified expert in accordance with the most recent version of the Department of the Environment's guidelines. The person undertaking the action shall provide a report of these monitoring surveys to the Minister within 10 days of completion of the monitoring surveys.

The following are to be monitored and detailed within monitoring reports:

- Fencing and signage integrity;
- Dates and mapped extent of ecological burns;
- Mortality or observed stress in Spiny Rice-flower (*Pimelea spinecens* subsp. *spinescens*) and Button Wrinklewort (*Rutidosia leptorhynchoides*) plants and assessment of causes;
- Undertake vegetation quality mapping as per the method adopted for the CMP;
- Biomass levels;
- Documentation of any areas of off-target kills (from weed control) exceeding 1% projective foliage cover over at least 1m²; and
- Photo points will also be taken annually at each photo point location within each management zone.

Prior to August 2018, the St Albans Biosite was managed by LXRA/VicRoads Major Projects team with the VicRoads MNW Environmental and Roadside Management Team providing advice/assistance on environmental management for the site. In September 2018, VicRoads Metro Assets Environmental and Roadside Management Team (previously MNW) was formally awarded the management of the site from LXRA for the duration of the CMP. Since taking over the management of the site in September 2018, the following items have occurred as per the CMP requirements:

- BL&A were awarded and have undertaken the Annual Monitoring reporting in November 2018, February/March 2020, spring 2020 and December 2021; and
- Environmental Works Program including the Ecological Burn contract awarded with works to commence in early January 2019.

The first round of annual monitoring of the Biosite was undertaken by Nature Advisory (then BL&A) in late spring 2018, the results of which represent the baseline condition of the vegetation community and threatened species status, against which the success of future management can be compared (in subsequent annual monitoring reports).

This current annual report presents the findings of the sixth round of annual monitoring, undertaken by Nature Advisory in February 2024. The report also compares the current findings with the 2018 baseline findings.

As per the requirements of the CMP, a completed monitoring and reporting form has been provided on the next page.

Monitoring and reporting form – February 2024

Person Undertaking Action	Department of Transport (formerly VicRoads)
Location and address of Conservation Reserve	DELWP Biosite 3546 (Located in St Albans (3021) along West Esplanade/Bendigo Rail Line, between Adelaide Street and Constance Street and along East Esplanade/Bendigo Rail Line, between Arthur Street and Alexina Street)
Approval reference	EPBC 2014/7203
Administering Authority	Commonwealth Department of the Environment
Report No.	18208 (7.0)
Name	
Signature	
Date	

2. OBJECTIVES OF THE CMP

As stated in the CMP, the objectives of the plan are to:

- Satisfy Conditions 2, 4 and 5 of the Commonwealth approval for the Project (reference EPBC 2014/7203);
- Protect and enhance the listed threatened species and communities present at Biosite 3546, including but not limited to the Spiny Rice-flower and the Button Wrinklewort;
- Identify threats to the listed threatened species and communities present at Biosite 3546;
- Provide methods to manage threats to the listed threatened species and communities present at Biosite 3546; and
- Identify environmental rehabilitation measures that are appropriately designed and implemented where required.
- Satisfy Condition 5.3 of the Main Road, St Albans Level Crossing Removal Project Incorporated Document.

3. MONITORING METHODS, RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Monitoring of the Biosite was undertaken by Brett Macdonald (Senior Ecologist from Nature Advisory (formerly Brett Lane & Associates)) and Neassa Fritchley (Botanist from Nature Advisory), between the 27th February and 1st March 2024 in accordance with the requirements of the CMP.

The methods employed, monitoring results and recommendations for future management are provided in the following sub-sections. For context, a summary of the CMP objectives and requirements is provided as an introduction to each sub-chapter.

3.1. Fencing and signage integrity

New 1.8m high cyclone fencing was erected around the perimeters of the three individual components of the Biosite c. 2016, as part of the pre-construction phase of the Project. This fencing is considered to be sufficient to physically prevent undesirable access into, and activity within the Biosite.

Existing fencing will be supported by deterrent signage with the aim of discouraging pedestrian, rail personnel and project personnel, equipment, machinery and vehicle movement into and/or through the Biosite.

Fencing and signage integrity will be maintained for the duration of this Plan.

All signage shall be simple, clear and consistent in design. NO GO ZONE signage with contact details for access will be erected around the perimeters of the Biosite.

3.1.1. *Methods*

A site inspection was undertaken during the current assessment, in February 2024, on foot to assess the integrity of the fencing and signage enclosing the three components of the Biosite.

3.1.2. *Results*

Fencing around zones D and E of the Biosite was found to be in a satisfactory condition. However, a small opening in the fencing was noted in Zone F, adjacent to management zone F4c.

The fencing gates at each of the Biosite components are adequately locked and a finer mesh skirt has been installed at the base of all fencing to reduce debris and weed seed blowing into the Biosite.

Adequate 'No-go Zone' signage is in place around the three components of the Biosite.

3.1.3. *Recommendations*

Repair damaged fencing in Zone F and continue to regularly inspect the condition of the fencing and 'No-go Zone' signage.

3.2. Ecological burns

Biomass control measures are to be undertaken in the Biosite. This will comprise ecological burning during March each year, which is the period when EPBC-listed species in the Biosite are likely to be least impacted upon by fire.

Only part of the Biosite will be burnt in any given year. Ecological burning must retain at least 25% of the Conservation Reserve as unburnt after each individual burn (i.e. be a mosaic burn). At least one of the three sections of the Biosite shall be left unburned in any given year to provide refuge for the Striped Legless Lizard. The area left unburned shall be different each burn year.

The frequency of burns will depend upon the level of biomass build-up. Burns in a given area shall be undertaken at a frequency of one to three years during wetter periods when biomass growth will be greater and three to five years during dryer periods when biomass growth will be less.

3.2.1. *Methods*

A site inspection within all three components of the Biosite was undertaken during the current assessment, in February 2024, in order to map the extent of any ecological burns, if undertaken.

3.2.2. *Results*

During the current assessment, evidence of ecological burns was not noted within any management zone, although it was clear that preparations were being made to undertake ecological burns in Zone D in the near future, as evidenced by the creation of slashed fire breaks. Details of the extent of this pending ecological burn will be provided in the spring 2024 monitoring report.

3.2.3. *Recommendations*

If weather conditions are favourable, commence annual ecological burning in autumn 2024 across all zones in accordance with the CMP.

If weather conditions are not favourable for ecological burning, repeat the spot burning method.

Areas of dense Kangaroo Grass and introduced vegetation should be prioritised for ecological burning, to promote inter-tussock spaces and subsequent recruitment of native forbs.

3.3. Mortality and stress in Spiny Rice-flower and Button Wrinklewort plants and NTGVWP community

Plant health monitoring will be undertaken by a suitably-qualified botanist or ecologist, annually between September and November during construction and then annually post-construction. Plant health monitoring will involve visually inspecting Spiny Rice-flower and Button Wrinklewort plants for mortality and signs of stress.

Stress in Spiny Rice-flower plants is observed as yellowing and/or shedding of leaves while stress in Button Wrinklewort is observed as leaf or stem die-back during periods of active growth (i.e. between September and November).

As per Condition 6 of the EPBC Act approval, if the monitoring surveys identify that construction activities result in a loss of greater than five (5) Spiny Rice-flower plants, any Button Wrinklewort plants or of greater than 1.5 hectares of Natural Temperate Grassland of the Victorian Volcanic Plain (NTGVVP), such as through changes in hydrology, the person taking the action must notify the Minister, prepare an updated CMP, identify and secure appropriate offsets and prepare an Offset Management Plan.

3.3.1. *Methods*

A site inspection within all three components of the Biosite was undertaken in February 2024 to assess the health, mortality or observed stress in all Spiny Rice-flower and Button Wrinklewort plants previously recorded and tagged in the Biosite, as well as the NTGVVP community.

Assessment of plant health, or stress, primarily involved inspection of foliage for condition, as described in the CMP. Plant mortality was determined through observed absence of plants at tagged locations or presence of dead plant material.

Reasons for any plant mortality or stress observed were also explored in an attempt to determine whether or not this was attributable to construction activities.

It should be noted that due to the site's high biomass at the time of assessment, detection of Button Wrinklewort and Spiny Rice-flower was significantly impacted. Many tags were also found to be buried or entirely absent, which greatly limited the identification of specific individuals.

3.3.2. *Results*

Spiny Rice-flower and Button Wrinklewort plants were inspected and there were no signs of mortality or stress in any established individuals. As noted in previous years, there has been continuing mortality in planted Button Wrinklewort seedlings, which is not unusual and is not considered to be attributable to construction activities

The NTGVVP community also showed no signs of mortality or stress.

As part of the 2019-2023 management activities, brush-cutting and hand weeding have been regularly undertaken around Button Wrinklewort and Spiny Rice-flower plants to reduce competition and promote recruitment of these species, which would have contributed some degree to the good condition of those individuals identified.

See photo point photos in Appendix 5 below for examples of plant and community health between spring 2018 and February 2024.

New Button Wrinklewort plants and other threatened flora species recorded during this current survey are discussed in Section 3.8.3.

3.3.3. *Recommendations*

Remove dumped rubbish from within the Biosite on a regular basis to reduce the likelihood of Spiny Rice-flower and Button Wrinklewort plants and the NTGVVP community being smothered and potentially causing areas of dieback.

Continue hand weeding around Button Wrinklewort, Spiny Rice-flower and Large-headed Fireweed to reduce competition and promote recruitment of these species.

Consider thinning Kangaroo Grass around these species, to avoid smothering and to allow for additional recruitment.

Conduct targeted surveys at seasonally-appropriate times and re-tag threatened species. This should occur from April-August for Spiny Rice-flower, November-December for Button Wrinklewort and August-October for Large-headed Fireweed. The use of a differential GPS for providing precise locations and additional numbered tags on wire supports is advised for ease of surveying.

3.4. Vegetation quality mapping and flora composition

As discussed in the 2018 annual report, baseline vegetation quality mapping and flora composition estimates were established that year, as minimal management had been undertaken between 2018 and the original 2015 baseline mapping and data.

Hence, the results of this current monitoring exercise, and future monitoring results, will be compared to the 2018 baseline mapping and data to track the effectiveness of management interventions at the Biosite.

3.4.1. Methods

A site inspection within all three components of the Biosite was undertaken in February 2024 to update vegetation quality mapping, where required, as per Figures 2 and 3 in the CMP, as well as document the plant composition in management zones in accordance with the method employed in the CMP.

3.4.2. Results

A summary of plant composition monitoring data for each management zone is provided in Table 1 (Zone F), Table 2 (Zone E) and Table 3 (Zone D). Detailed raw data is provided in Appendix 2 (Zone F), Appendix 3 (Zone E) and Appendix 4 (Zone D).

When compared to the January 2023 assessment data, the February 2024 data demonstrated a slight overall increase in the cover of high-threat weeds across E and D management zones, while F management zones remained the same overall. Nonetheless, covers were significantly less than the 2018 baseline data. This increase high-threat weed cover is likely attributable to the exceptionally high rainfall experienced in the spring of 2023, which has been conducive to the establishment and spread of weeds.

The February 2024 data shows a marked decrease in the diversity of weed species in the vast majority of management zones. This is likely attributable to the timing of the assessment, where the vast majority of annual weed species would have completed their life cycle and were not detectable.

Since the 2018 baseline vegetation quality mapping was established, there has been a gradual overall increase in quality ratings across nearly all management zones throughout the site. Management Zone E5 has been a notable exception to this trend in increased quality, as it still remains in the lowest quality category. See figures 2 and 3 in Appendix 1 for current vegetation quality and refer to the same figure in the 2018 baseline assessment report (Report 18208 (1.2)) for comparison.

The extent of the Natural Temperate Grassland of the Victorian Volcanic Plain (NTGVVP) community has also significantly increased across the biosite, with only two management zones which do not meet the qualifying criteria for this community – zones F7 and E5 (Appendix 1).

3.4.3. *Recommendations*

Continue to monitor for and eradicate any tree and shrub seedlings in all management zones in the Biosite.

Continue to monitor for and eradicate outbreaks of high-threat grass species as a matter of priority across the Biosite.

Prioritise weed control along reserve boundaries, where introduced vegetation cover is greatest.

Table 1: Summary of monitoring results – Habitat Zone F

Measure	Hz F Management Zones																													
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	1	1	1	1	1	1	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No. indigenous species	4	6	6	6	9	9	6	9	9	9	13	13	6	8	8	8	10	10	22	22	22	22	20	20	20	20	20	20	17	17
No. weed species	20	14	9	8	12	7	5	8	6	3	7	2	9	11	9	8	9	2	17	10	8	6	11	6	15	3	6	3	7	2
No. high threat weed species	16	13	6	4	8	4	4	6	3	3	4	1	5	6	3	3	5	1	13	6	3	2	5	3	11	2	2	1	5	2
% cover high threat weeds	45	53	39	21	18	21	15	10	3	3	3	5	10	8	4	2	5	1	7	5	3	2	6	5	5	3	3	1	2	2

Measure	Hz F Management Zones																											
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	
	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5b	5b	5b	5b	5b	6	6	6	6	6	6
No. indigenous species	21	23	23	23	18	18	18	18	18	17	18	10	10	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	Not Assessed	5	9	9	12	13	10
No. weed species	17	4	5	4	8	2	5	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	6	4	7	4	5	4	11		6	8	7	10	7	
No. high threat weed species	11	4	3	1	5	0	5	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	4	2	6	4	4	3	9		6	4	3	6	3	
% cover high threat weeds	5	5	2	2	2	0	8	2	1	1	+	6	3	1	2	2	5	2	2	2	20		23	13	9	12	21	

Measure	Hz F Management Zones																		
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	
	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
No. indigenous species	12	13	13	13	21	20	4	5	5	5	6	5	17	17	17	17	15	14	
No. weed species	26	10	11	15	15	17	7	5	4	4	5	5	8	7	5	5	8	6	
No. high threat weed species	20	7	7	9	8	9	5	4	3	3	4	3	8	6	2	3	4	4	
% cover high threat weeds	45	61	38	34	21	18	15	14	4	4	8	7	10	7	5	4	6	7	

Table 2: Summary of monitoring results – Habitat Zone E

Measure	Management Zone																							
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
No. indigenous species	24	26	26	26	16	18	19	21	21	21	21	21	14	16	16	16	10	12	16	18	18	18	21	19
No. weed species	11	4	6	6	3	2	14	8	9	11	7	9	16	6	10	7	8	8	9	9	11	8	9	3
No. high threat weed species	6	3	2	2	1	1	9	5	3	4	3	4	14	4	5	3	5	4	8	5	6	3	5	3
% cover high threat weeds	2	3	+	1	1	7	7	10	2	4	6	10	20	15	7	3	6	17	5	5	2	3	4	3

Measure	Management Zone											
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
No. indigenous species	10	18	18	18	18	18	7	10	10	10	12	10
No. weed species	8	14	12	20	18	14	12	8	12	9	6	7
No. high threat weed species	7	9	9	8	11	9	9	6	5	4	3	3
% cover high threat weeds	50	72	22	18	22	43	25	20	5	4	9	13

Table 3: Summary of monitoring results – Habitat Zone D

Measure	Management Zone																													
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	6	6	6
No. indigenous species	7	9	9	9	10	9	6	7	7	7	11	10	19	19	19	19	15	17	21	25	25	25	26	23	3	3	3	3	7	5
No. weed species	27	17	10	15	15	17	8	9	11	7	7	5	4	6	4	5	6	3	13	10	6	6	10	7	5	4	3	5	6	3
No. high threat weed species	18	10	6	8	8	9	5	7	6	4	4	3	2	4	1	2	3	2	10	7	2	2	5	3	4	2	1	3	3	1
% cover high threat weeds	45	75	30	14	9	20	30	30	19	10	11	7	5	5	1	1	2	5	7	12	5	2	11	6	20	45	8	5	10	10

Measure	Management Zone																													
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11
No. indigenous species	5	5	5	5	9	8	7	7	7	7	4	4	5	5	5	5	10	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	3	3	3	9	7	
No. weed species	6	9	5	3	5	4	6	5	5	8	7	5	3	8	5	4	6	5	7	4	6	8	8	6	9	6	6	4	3	
No. high threat weed species	5	5	3	1	3	1	3	3	2	3	4	3	1	4	3	1	2	1	6	3	2	3	3	2	6	3	4	3	2	
% cover high threat weeds	30	33	9	2	3	13	25	13	7	3	8	7	45	40	13	2	2	10	7	21	15	4	3	12	72	42	13	20	3	

3.5. Biomass levels

Native grasslands dominated by Kangaroo Grass (*Themeda triandra*) require frequent biomass removal to prevent senescence of Kangaroo Grass and the build-up of detritus. Senescence and senescence die-back of Kangaroo Grass and resulting detritus build-up can smother out inter-tussock forbs, reduce species diversity and leave gaps which can be more swiftly invaded by high threat weeds, such as Chilean Needle-grass.

Biomass control measures will comprise ecological burning during March as set out in the CMP. If conditions are not favourable for autumn burning, other methods of achieving biomass reduction will be undertaken.

Any burning must occur prior to planting any Button Wrinklewort seedlings in the Biosite to avoid impacts to newly established plants.

3.5.1. Methods

A site inspection within all three components of the Biosite was undertaken in February 2024 to assess vegetation biomass levels. As biomass levels are correlated with graminoid and forb health and recruitment potential, biomass levels were measured as the percentage cover of bare ground (including bryophytes and soil crust, but not organic litter).

3.5.2. Results

As stated in Section 3.2 (Ecological burns) above, there was no evidence of ecological burns within any management zone during the current assessment, apart from localised biomass reduction around threatened species. Following exceptionally high spring 2023 rainfall, biomass was observed to be quite high across all management zones of the biosite.

Percentage cover of bare ground (including bryophytes and soil crust, but not organic litter) within all management zones of the Biosite is provided below in Table 4.

Ideally, percentage cover of bare ground should be maintained at between 20% and 30%. Percentage cover of bare ground was within this range in the three biosite blocks as follows:

- Z F management zones – 4 out of 13 zones in optimal range;
- Z E management zones – 0 out of 6 zones in optimal range; and
- Z D management zones – 0 out of 10 zones in optimal range.

These results demonstrate a notable decrease in the available bare ground across all zones. This is likely due to the exceptionally high spring 2023 rainfall, which has resulted in a dramatic increase in biomass. Kangaroo Grass remains the most prevalent species within all zones and was found to form large swathes with minimal inter-tussock space. This is likely to have an impact upon the health and diversity of native forbs, as well as their ability to successfully recruit.

Table 4: Percentage cover of bare ground in management zones throughout the Biosite

Management Zone F

Management Zones																														
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	1	1	1	1	1	1	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	3	3	3	3	3	3	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a
Bare ground cover (%)	40	25	25	53	50	30	30	35	35	40	40	10	5	3	20	40	12	5	18	15	15	25	2	3	45	55	50	40	45	30

Management Zones																											
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5b	5b	5b	5b	5b	6	6	6	6	6	6
Bare ground cover (%)	20	25	15	25	5	1	22	20	50	40	20	25	25	30	*	20	50	45	45	40	*	10	7	15	14	5	5

Management Zones																		
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
Bare ground cover (%)	40	17	35	30	10	5	10	11	15	5	+	3	10	13	15	25	10	3

Management Zone E

Management Zones																		
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Bare ground cover (%)	5	5	16	33	10	6	8	3	10	15	2	1	7	7	5	13	2	1

Management Zones																		
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Bare ground cover (%)	5	5	10	30	20	15	40	16	30	40	40	10	10	5	7	10	3	3

Management Zone D

Management Zones																														
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	6	6	6
Bare ground cover (%)	35	10	40	15	15	10	15	11	15	10	10	11	10	10	10	5	5	6	7	8	5	1	10	3	15	15	30	20	15	5

Management Zones																														
Year	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
Management Zone	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11
Bare ground cover (%)	15	12	30	4	1	6	5	5	3	+	+	7	25	22	50	5	5	5	3	4	30	10	10	3	5	30	20	15	15	

3.5.3. Recommendations

If weather conditions are favourable, commence annual ecological burning in autumn 2024 across all zones in accordance with the CMP.

If weather conditions are not favourable for ecological burning, repeat the spot burning method.

Areas of dense Kangaroo Grass and introduced vegetation should be prioritised for ecological burning, to promote inter-tussock spaces and subsequent recruitment of native forbs.

3.6. Off-target plant mortality

Weed control is one of the two most intrusive management actions within the Biosite (the other being ecological burning) and has the potential to cause considerable damage to the native vegetation therein if not undertaken appropriately. As such, the CMP requires that a high degree of care be taken to ensure that no Spiny Rice-flower or Button Wrinklewort plants, or any other indigenous species, are damaged as a result of weed control activities.

All non-target mortality (i.e. cover of indigenous flora species killed as a result of weed control works) will be documented and provided in an annual report. Non-target mortality is not to exceed 1% projective foliage cover over at least 1m² in any given area.

3.6.1. Methods

A site inspection within all three components of the Biosite was undertaken in February 2024 to determine the extent, if any, of off-target plant mortality as a result of weed control works. The threshold for this assessment was mortality of off-target indigenous species exceeding 1% projective foliage cover over at least 1m² in any given area.

3.6.2. Results

No instances of non-target mortality at or above the above threshold were detected across the Biosite during the current assessment.

3.6.3. Recommendations

Continue to undertake weed control in a sensitive manner to minimise off-target plant mortality.

3.7. Photo points

Photo points will be taken annually at each photo point location within each management zone of the three components of the Biosite.

3.7.1. Methods

A site inspection within all three components of the Biosite was undertaken in February 2024 to update the photo points documented in the baseline 2018 and January 2023 annual reports.

3.7.2. Results

Current photo points photos are provided as Appendix 5.

3.8. Incidental observations

3.8.1. New species observed

There is the possibility that a population of the EPBC Act-listed Striped Legless Lizard (*Delma impar*) is resident in the Biosite, as the habitat is excellent and the St Albans locality is a known 'hotspot' for the species.

3.8.2. Establishment of Striped Legless Lizard detection points

As a means of detecting the presence or otherwise of the EPBC Act-listed Striped Legless Lizard, MCMC placed roof tiles in select low-impact areas throughout the Biosite in June 2020 (6 in each of the three blocks of the Biosite). Spring tile checks were undertaken ad-hoc and infrequently during the peak activity period for the species (late September to early December) and none have been detected as yet.

Recommendations

To maximise the chances of detecting Striped Legless Lizard within the Biosite, a more concerted and systematic tile check program should be undertaken between late September and early December 2024, involving fortnightly morning checks of all tiles in the Biosite, when the measured temperature beneath the tiles is between 15 and 25 degrees Celsius.

3.8.3. Adjustments to threatened flora species census and mapping

Since 2015, additional Button Wrinklewort plants have been recorded in all three management zones of the Biosite, raising the total number of plants in the Biosite from 12 in 2015 to an estimated 71 at present. Most of these plants are planted seedlings, while others are remnant plants and a few are recruits from remnant plants.

All seedlings to date have been supplied by DELWP's Arthur Rylah Institute, the seed of which was sourced from remnant individuals at the Biosite and from the large population at Truganina Cemetery.

In addition, in May 2021, 30 grams of Large-headed Fireweed were sown into 1m² plots within 20 metres of remnant plants within Zone E. One further Large-headed Fireweed plant was detected during the current assessment, in Zone D. As Large-headed Fireweed is a species of concern (EPBC Act-listed) in the Biosite, ongoing September to October targeted surveying would facilitate an accurate census of the species in the Biosite.

An amended threatened species census list has been provided as Appendix 6.

Recommendations

All surviving planted Button Wrinklewort seedlings must be marked or flagged by someone who knows the precise locations of these plants so that they can be distinguished from other Button Wrinklewort plants on the site.

Annual September to October targeted surveying for Large-headed Fireweed.

3.9. Other management activities

3.9.1. Infill forb plantings

2019

A revegetation program was commenced in September 2019, involving infill plantings of approximately 700 nursery-raised native forb species in cells. The intention of this program was to increase the species diversity and native forb abundance across the Biosite.

Species planted were:

- Button Wrinklewort (10 plants only in Habitat Zone F);
- Fuzzy New Holland Daisy (*Vittadinia cuneata*);
- Lemon Beauty-heads (*Calocephalus citreus*);
- Spur Velleia (*Velleia paradoxa*); and
- Blue Devil (*Eryngium ovinum*).

The seedlings were watered for a 2-month period following planting, as it was un-usually dry over the spring of 2019. Even so, the survival rate was low. For example, of the 10 Button Wrinklewort plantings, only one has survived to present.

Native grass seed was also collected on site and then scattered in bare areas across the site.

2020

24 Button Wrinklewort seedlings were planted across the Biosite in August 2020 by MCMC. Four of these have since died and the survivors are in various states of health and growth, most looking to have a reasonable prospect of establishment.

MCMC also undertook a direct seeding program in May 2020, where seed collected from a mixture of native grasses and daisies across the Biosite was sown into bare earth in zones D and E.

2021

100 Button Wrinklewort seedlings (very tiny) were planted in November 2021 by MCMC (70 within Zone F and 30 within Zone E), and 30 kilograms of Large-headed Fireweed seed was sown into Zone E.

Further revegetation of 2,800 grasses was conducted in June 2021, during which an even number of grasses were planted in each zone, concentrating on areas of bare ground (namely around the edges of the reserve and areas that previously hosted woody weeds).

MCMC also undertook a direct seeding program in April and June 2021, where seed collected from a mixture of native grasses and daisies across the Biosite was sown into bare earth in zones D and E.

2022

160 Button Wrinklewort seedlings were planted in July and September 2022 by MCMC throughout all three zones.

Assorted native grass seed was sown in April and June 2022 into bare ground along the perimeters of all three zones and in areas from which woody weeds were removed in previous years. This comprised:

- 30 grams of spear grass (*Austrostipa* spp) seed;
- 70 grams of wallaby grass (*Rytidosperma* spp) seed; and
- 50 grams of Kangaroo Grass (*Themeda triandra*) seed.

2023

Management activities undertaken in 2023 had not been provided at the time of issue of this report. This will be included in the spring/summer 2024 report.

Recommendations

Continuation of the program should focus on first increasing the abundance (percentage cover) of forb species which already occur at the Biosite, preferably using seed collected from these plants. In addition to raising seedlings from these extant plants in a nursery, seed should also be hand-spread in newly created bare areas within the Biosite, where weed infestations have been physically removed.

Priority should be given to augmenting the populations of the most endangered species occurring in the Biosite, such as Button Wrinklewort, Large-headed Fireweed, Spiny Rice-flower and Small Milkwort. Only one plant of the latter species has been recorded to date.

Consideration should also be given to introducing local species which don't currently occur in the Biosite, but would likely have in the past. There are a multitude of forb species available for this, which survive in other native grassland reserves in the locality, which would benefit from being dispersed. Brimbank City Council have a thorough inventory of species occurring in conservation reserves on public land in the municipality, including rail and road reserves.

For example, ephemeral wetlands were once common in the locality and supported unique floral communities of 'bog plants', specifically adapted to brief seasonal inundation. Some of these wetlands have survived in conservation reserves in the locality and still support these now locally rare bog plants, the more iconic of which are Plains Yam-daisy (*Microseris scapigera*) – also known as Murnong, Woodland Swamp-daisy (*Brachyscome paludicola*) – previously known as Basalt Daisy (*Brachyscome basaltica*), Golden Billy-buttons (*Pycnosorus chrysanthes*) and Swamp Billy-buttons (*Craspedia paludicola*).

A small population of Golden Billy-buttons is still resident in the Biosite, where it prefers the edges of the drainage swales on the rail line side of the three Biosite components. The wetter parts of these drainage swales are ideal for the re-establishment of a bog plant community.

The iconic local orchid Sunshine Diuris (*Diuris fragrantissima*) would likely benefit as a species from introduction (or re-introduction) to the Biosite.

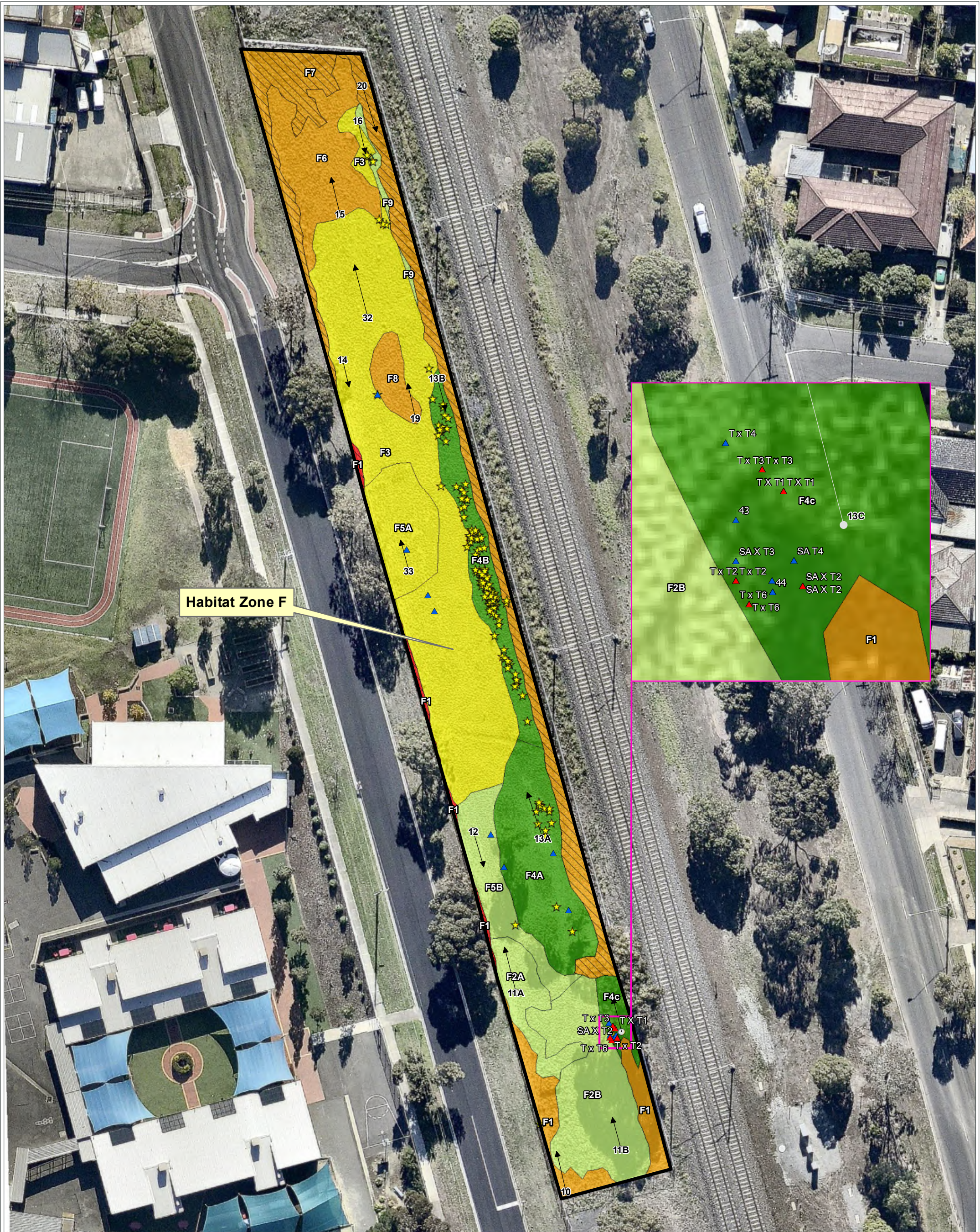
3.9.2. *Button Wrinklewort study*

In 2019, Steve Sinclair of the Arthur Rylah Institute (ARI), the environmental research arm of the State Department of the Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP), undertook a study of Button Wrinklewort at the Biosite which included mapping the distribution of the species, genetic sampling and collection of seed.

As discussed above, ARI produced the 24 Button Wrinklewort seedlings which were planted at the Biosite in August 2020, including crosses with plants from the Truganina population to enhance the genetic fitness of the population at the Biosite.

Further details on the progress of this study will be provided once they come to hand.

Appendix 1: Vegetation quality mapping, photo points and threatened species locations

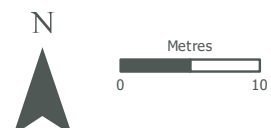


Habitat Zone F

Figure 2: Conservation reserve mapping

Project: St Albans Biosite Monitoring **Client:** Main Road St. Albans Level Crossing Removal **Date:** 8/04/2024

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▬ Existing fencing ★ Spiny Rice-flower ▲ Button Wrinklewort no longer present ▲ Button Wrinklewort ● Photo point → Photo point direction | <p>Vegetation quality</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Introduced vegetation ■ Native vegetation - Moderate quality with high-threat weeds ■ Native vegetation - Moderate quality with negligible weeds ■ Native vegetation - High quality with high-threat weeds ■ Native vegetation - High quality with negligible weeds ▭ Not NTGVVP |
|---|--|



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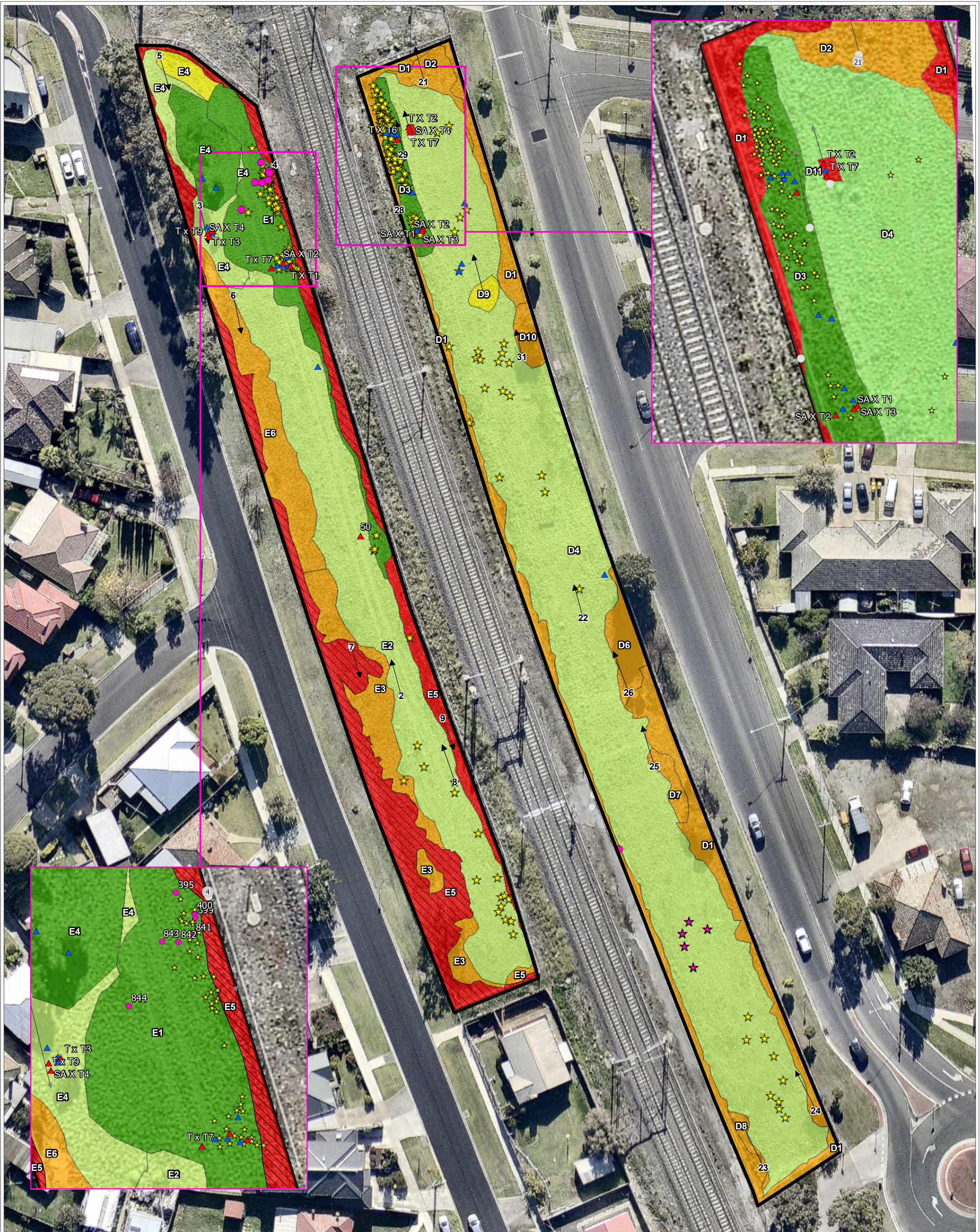
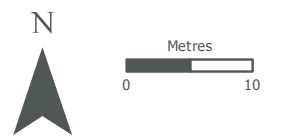


Figure 3: Conservation reserve mapping

Project: St Albans Biosite Monitoring **Client:** Main Road St. Albans Level Crossing Removal **Date:** 8/04/2024

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▬ Existing fencing ★ Spiny Rice-flower ★ Spiny Rice-flower no longer present ▲ Button Wrinklewort no longer present ▲ Button Wrinklewort ● Large-headed Fireweed ○ Photo point → Photo point direction | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Vegetation quality ■ Introduced vegetation ■ Native vegetation - Moderate quality with high-threat weeds ■ Native vegetation - Moderate quality with negligible weeds ■ Native vegetation - High quality with high-threat weeds ■ Native vegetation - High quality with negligible weeds ■ Not NTGVVP |
|---|---|



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Appendix 2: Raw baseline data for species composition and high-threat weed cover – Habitat Zone F

Cover estimates

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz F Management Zones																							
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	1	1	1	1	1	1	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	3	3	3	3	3
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	100	107	100	100	100	100	97	96	100	100	100	100	100	104	100	100	100	100	100	105	100
Overall species cover (%)	50	60	65	37	47	60	60	55	55	47	46	65	85	83	70	50	87	85	67	70	70	60	98	90
Indigenous species cover (%)	5	7	10	7	20	40	45	45	52	45	45	60	75	75	62	45	80	84	60	65	62	55	85	85
Introduced species cover (%)	45	53	55	30	27	20	15	10	3	2	1	5	10	8	8	5	7	1	7	5	8	5	13	5
Bare ground cover (%)	40	25	25	53	50	30	30	35	35	40	40	10	5	3	20	40	12	5	18	15	15	25	2	3
Organic litter cover (%)	10	15	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	25	10	14	10	10	5	10	15	15	15	15	5	7

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz F Management Zones																							
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020
	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5b
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	91	101	105	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	116	100	100	100	100	0	103	100	100
Overall species cover (%)	40	38	40	46	46	65	70	70	75	60	90	90	53	55	42	51	55	41	40	50	0	63	30	40
Indigenous species cover (%)	35	35	37	45	45	63	65	65	72	56	85	84	45	52	40	50	54	35	37	49	*	60	25	38
Introduced species cover (%)	5	3	3	1	1	2	5	5	3	4	5	6	8	3	2	1	1	6	3	1	*	3	5	2
Bare ground cover (%)	45	55	50	40	45	30	20	25	15	25	5	1	22	20	50	40	20	25	25	30	*	20	50	45
Organic litter cover (%)	15	7	10	5	10	10	10	5	10	15	5	9	25	25	8	25	25	34	35	20	*	20	20	15

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz F Management Zones																					
	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018
	5b	5b	5b	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total cover (%)	100	89	0	100	100	100	100	105	110	100	100	100	100	76	100	100	100	100	100	101	103	100
Overall species cover (%)	37	39	0	75	78	70	75	95	100	50	66	55	65	61	75	75	74	73	75	96	90	80
Indigenous species cover (%)	35	38	*	55	55	55	65	75	70	5	5	5	10	35	55	60	60	68	70	85	80	70
Introduced species cover (%)	2	1	*	20	23	15	10	20	30	45	61	50	55	26	20	15	14	5	5	11	10	10
Bare ground cover (%)	45	40	*	10	7	15	14	5	5	40	17	35	30	10	5	10	11	15	5	+	3	10
Organic litter cover (%)	18	10	*	15	15	15	11	5	5	10	17	10	5	5	20	15	15	12	20	5	10	10

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz F Management Zones				
	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	9	9	9	9	9
Total cover (%)	100	97	100	102	100
Overall species cover (%)	77	75	65	90	90
Indigenous species cover (%)	70	60	55	76	83
Introduced species cover (%)	7	15	10	14	7
Bare ground cover (%)	13	15	25	10	3
Organic litter cover (%)	10	7	10	2	7

Indigenous species

Scientific Name	Common Name	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (X)												
		1	2a	2b	3	4a	4b	4c	5a	5b	6	7	8	9
<i>Acaena echinata</i>	Sheep's Burr	X			X		X	X	X		X	X		X
<i>Asperula conferta</i>	Common Woodruff		X				X				X	X		X
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	Berry Saltbush								X					
<i>Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata</i>	Slender Spear-grass											X		
<i>Austrostipa sp.</i>	Spear Grass	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
<i>Calocephalus citreus</i>	Lemon Beauty-heads		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
<i>Chloris truncata</i>	Windmill Grass	X										X		
<i>Chrysocephalum sp. 1</i>	Plains Everlasting		X		X	X	X							
<i>Convolvulus angustissimus subsp. omnigracilis</i>	Slender Bindweed	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
<i>Dianella admixta</i>	Black-anther Flax-lily	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
<i>Einadia nutans</i>	Nodding Saltbush								X					
<i>Epilobium hirtigerum</i>	Hairy Willow-herb										X			
<i>Eryngium ovinum</i>	Blue Devil	X			X		X	X			X			X
<i>Geranium retrorsum s.l.</i>	Grassland Crane's-bill				X		X				X	X	X	X
<i>Goodenia pinnatifida</i>	Cut-leaf Goodenia													
<i>Juncus pallidus</i>	Pale Rush											X		
<i>Juncus spp.</i>	Rush										X	X		X
<i>Juncus subsecundus</i>	Finger Rush													
<i>Lomandra micrantha subsp. micrantha</i>	Small-flower Mat-rush				X		X				X			
<i>Minuria leptophylla</i>	Minnie Daisy													
<i>Oxalis perennans</i>	Grassland Wood-sorrel		X		X	X		X			X	X	X	X
<i>Pimelea curviflora var. 1</i>	Curved Rice-flower													
<i>Pimelea glauca</i>	Smooth Rice-flower							X			X			X
<i>Pimelea spinescens subsp. spinescens</i>	Spiny Rice-flower				X	X	X			X		X		X
<i>Plantago gaudichaudii</i>	Narrow Plantain					X			X					

Scientific Name	Common Name	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (X)												
		1	2a	2b	3	4a	4b	4c	5a	5b	6	7	8	9
<i>Poa labillardierei</i> var. <i>labillardierei</i>	Common Tussock-grass													
<i>Poa sieberiana</i>	Grey Tussock-grass		X		X		X						X	
<i>Pycnosorus chrysanthes</i>	Golden Billy-buttons						X			X		X		
<i>Rutidosis leptorhynchoides</i>	Button Wrinklewort				X	X		X	X	X				
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	Common Wallaby-grass	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X		X
<i>Rytidosperma racemosum</i> var. <i>racemosum</i>	Slender Wallaby-grass		X	X		X		X			X			X
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>	Bristly Wallaby-grass			X		X			X	X		X		
<i>Solenogyne dominii</i>	Smooth Solenogyne						X	X						
<i>Rytidosperma</i> sp.	Wallaby Grass			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
<i>Senecio quadridentatus</i>	Cotton Fireweed				X	X	X					X		
<i>Themeda triandra</i>	Kangaroo Grass	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X
<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>	Yellow Rush-lily			X				X						
<i>Velleia paradoxa</i>	Spur Velleia													
<i>Vittadinia cuneata</i>	Fuzzy New Holland Daisy		X		X	X		X		X		X		
<i>Wahlenbergia communis</i> s.s.	Tufted Bluebell		X		X	X	X			X		X		
<i>Walwhalleya prolata</i>	Rigid Panic	X			X			X		X	X	X	X	X
No. indigenous species		9	13	10	20	17	18	17	12	13	18	21	6	15

Introduced species

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																							
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				1	1	1	1	1	1	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2a	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	2b	3	3	3	3	3	3
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes																								
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Hair Grass	No													X	X	1	+				X	X	1	5	
*	<i>Aster subulatus</i>	Aster-weed	No																								
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	X	X	2	5	3	+		X	X			+	X	X	X		+		X	X	X	+	1	X
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	15	30	2	+	3		5	5					1	+	+	+			+	2	+		+	
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No	X			3	+		X						X	X	X	+	1	X	X		X		1	X
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes	+															+								
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No	X		15			+			X				X	X	X				X		X			X
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes			+					+																
*	<i>Centaureum erythraea</i>	Common Century	No					+											+	+					+	1	
*	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Yes	+	+							+															
*	<i>Corymbia citriodora subsp. citriodora</i>	Lemon-scented Gum	Yes																				+				
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes	+	+																		+				
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes	+	+																						
*	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	Drain Flat-sedge	Yes					+																			
*	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cocksfoot	Yes	+	2			+		+	2	+				5	1			3		+	+			+	
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes		+					4																	
*	<i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	Annual Veldt-grass	No	X		X	+					X						X									
*	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	Goose-grass	No																								
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes					+									+										
*PI	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>	Sugar Gum	Yes	7																							
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes	+																							
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes																				+				
*	<i>Gazania linearis</i>	Gazania	Yes																				+				
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																								
*	<i>Helminthotheca echinoides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes	+	+			1	+											+			+			+	
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes																								
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No											+										X		+	
*	<i>Lepidium africanum</i>	Common Peppergrass	No																								
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes			35	5		+			1															X
*	<i>Lysimachia arvensis (Blue-flowered variant)</i>	Blue Pimpernel	No																								
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes		+																						

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																																				
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024										
				4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5b	5b	5b	5b	5b								
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes	+							+																													
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Hair Grass	No										X	1	2																									
*	<i>Aster subulatus</i>	Aster-weed	No																																					
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	X		X					X		X	+	+			X	+	+																				
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	+					+		+	1						2																						
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No			X	+				X						X		X	+		X																		
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes																																					
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No														X																							
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes															1																						
*	<i>Centaurium erythraea</i>	Commom Century	No						+																														X	
*	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Yes																																					
*	<i>Corymbia citriodora subsp. citriodora</i>	Lemon-scented Gum	Yes																																					
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes																																					
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes	+									1	+	+																									
*	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	Drain Flat-sedge	Yes																																					
*	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cocksfoot	Yes																																					
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes																																					
*	<i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	Annual Veldt-grass	No																																					
*	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	Goose-grass	No																																					
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes																																					
*PI	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>	Sugar Gum	Yes																																					
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes																																					
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes																																					
*	<i>Gazania linearis</i>	Gazania	Yes																																					
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																																					
*	<i>Helminthotheca echioides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes	+					+																															
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes																																					
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No																																					
*	<i>Lepidium africanum</i>	Common Peppergrass	No	X																																				
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes																																					
*	<i>Lysimachia arvensis (Blue-flowered variant)</i>	Blue Pimpernel	No	X																																				
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes																																					

Not assessed

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																											
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	
				4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	4c	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5b	5b	5b	5b
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes	+						+																					
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes	+						+																					
*	<i>Oxalis purpurea</i>	Large-flower Wood-sorrel	Yes	+						+		1										1									
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes																												
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes	+						+				+																	
*	<i>Plantago coronopus subsp. coronopus</i>	Buck's-horn Plantain	Yes	+		+																	+	+							
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	5	3	3	1	1	1	3	4	1	2	1		5	2	+	+	+	3	2		1	2	1	2	+	1		
*	<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>	Giant mustard	Yes																												
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes	+	+			+		+	+			+				+	+					+		+		+	+		
*	<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	No																												
*	<i>Setaria parviflora</i>	Slender Pigeon Grass	Yes																												
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No		X	X	+			X											X	X		+	+						
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius subsp. porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No			X																	+					+			
*	<i>Trifolium angustifolium var. angustifolium</i>	Narrow-leaf Clover	No																												
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No	X						X																					
No. weed species				15	3	6	3	7	2	17	4	5	4	8	2	5	4	4	4	2	3	4	4	6	4	7	4	5	4		
No. high threat weed species				11	2	2	1	5	2	11	4	3	1	5	0	5	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	4	2	6	4	4	3		
% cover high threat weed species				5	3	3	1	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	0	8	2	1	1	+	6	3	1	2	2	5	2	2	2		

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																											
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024				
				6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9				
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes							1																					
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Hair Grass	No	X		X	1	3					+	+											X	1	5				
*	<i>Aster subulatus</i>	Aster-weed	No	X						X			+																		
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	X		X		1	+	X		X	5	5	+		X	X	+	3	+			X		+	+				
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	5	5	+		+		15	35	+	1	+	+	3	7	+	+		+	+	3								
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No			X		1				X		+	2									X		1	+				
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes										5																		
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No						3			X	5		+	X															
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes							+									+							+					
*	<i>Centaurium erythraea</i>	Common Century	No				+	2	+				2	1	+												1				
*	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Yes							+																					
*	<i>Corymbia citriodora subsp. citriodora</i>	Lemon-scented Gum	Yes																												
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes																												
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes	+						+	3	1			+									+	+			1			
*	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	Drain Flat-sedge	Yes											+	+																
*	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cocksfoot	Yes	2	3	3				+						+					+			2	+			+			
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes							+					+																
*	<i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	Annual Veldt-grass	No							X																					
*	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	Goose-grass	No												+																
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes	+						+	+		+	+	+																
*PI	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>	Sugar Gum	Yes							4																					
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes							+																					
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes																												
*	<i>Gazania linearis</i>	Gazania	Yes																												
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																												
*	<i>Helminthotheca echioides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes	1	+			+		5	5	1	2	+	4											+					
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes																												
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No							X	X			+	+									X							
*	<i>Lepidium africanum</i>	Common Peppergrass	No																												
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes										30	5																	
*	<i>Lysimachia arvensis (Blue-flowered variant)</i>	Blue Pimpernel	No																												

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz F Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																							
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes																								
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes																								
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes																								
*	<i>Oxalis purpurea</i>	Large-flower Wood-sorrel	Yes	+		+																					
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes					+																			
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes	+				+																			
*	<i>Plantago coronopus subsp. coronopus</i>	Buck's-horn Plantain	Yes																								
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	12	15	10	8	10	20	10	15	5	20	10	10	12	7	2	4	5	6	8	4	2	3	5	5
*	<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>	Giant mustard	Yes		+																						
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes	+	+			+	+					+													
*	<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	No																								
*	<i>Setaria parviflora</i>	Slender Pigeon Grass	Yes																								
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No																								
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius subsp. porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No																								
*	<i>Trifolium angustifolium var. angustifolium</i>	Narrow-leaf Clover	No																								
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No																								
No. weed species				11	6	8	7	10	7	26	10	11	15	15	17	7	5	4	4	5	5	8	7	5	5	8	6
No. high threat weed species				9	6	4	3	6	3	20	7	7	9	8	9	5	4	3	3	4	3	8	6	2	3	4	4
% cover high threat weed species				20	23	13	9	12	21	45	61	38	34	21	18	15	14	4	4	8	7	10	7	5	4	6	7

Legend for all tables: * = introduced species; # = native species occurring outside of natural range; PI = planted, X = species recorded but cover not assessed (i.e. not high-threat weed species); + = negligible cover (<1%)

Appendix 3: Raw baseline data for species composition and high-threat weed cover – Habitat Zone E

Cover estimates

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz E Management Zones																	
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	100	105	100	100	100	100	100	108	100	100	100	100	100	95	104
Overall species cover (%)	87	83	77	50	80	88	82	82	80	75	91	93	80	80	70	67	73	98
Indigenous species cover (%)	85	80	75	45	78	79	75	72	70	65	80	80	60	65	60	60	60	73
Introduced species cover (%)	2	3	2	5	2	9	7	10	10	10	11	13	20	15	10	7	13	25
Bare ground cover (%)	5	5	16	33	10	6	8	3	10	15	2	1	7	7	5	13	2	1
Organic litter cover (%)	8	12	7	17	15	6	10	15	10	10	15	6	13	13	25	20	20	5

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz E Management Zones																	
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	100	115	100	100	100	100	100	103	100	100	100	100	100	95	100
Overall species cover (%)	65	65	65	55	65	78	55	77	30	40	53	75	70	80	80	77	82	90
Indigenous species cover (%)	60	60	60	50	60	75	5	5	5	10	5	15	45	60	67	65	70	75
Introduced species cover (%)	5	5	5	5	5	3	50	72	25	30	48	60	25	20	13	12	12	15
Bare ground cover (%)	5	5	10	30	20	15	40	16	30	40	40	10	10	5	7	10	3	3
Organic litter cover (%)	30	30	25	15	30	7	5	7	40	20	10	15	20	15	13	13	10	7

Indigenous species

Scientific Name	Common Name	Hz E Management Zones - Presence (X)					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Acaena echinata</i>	Sheep's Burr	X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Anthosachne scabra s.l.</i>	Common Wheat-grass	X			X	X	X
<i>Asperula conferta</i>	Common Woodruff	X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Austrostipa bigeniculata</i>	Kneed Spear-grass		X	X	X	X	X
<i>Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata</i>	Slender Spear-grass						
<i>Austrostipa sp.</i>	Spear Grass					X	
<i>Calocephalus citreus</i>	Lemon Beauty-heads	X	X		X		
<i>Cassinia sifton</i>	Drooping Cassinia					X	
<i>Chloris truncata</i>	Windmill Grass					X	
<i>Comesperma polygaloides</i>	Small Milkwort						
<i>Convolvulus angustissimus subsp. omnigracilis</i>	Slender Bindweed	X	X		X	X	X
<i>Dianella admixta</i>	Black-anther Flax-lily	X	X	X	X	X	X

Scientific Name	Common Name	Hz E Management Zones - Presence (X)					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Einadia nutans</i>	Nodding Saltbush	X	X		X		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	Ruby Saltbush						
<i>Eryngium ovinum</i>	Blue Devil		X		X		
<i>Geranium retrorsum</i> s.l.	Grassland Crane's-bill						
<i>Goodenia pinnatifida</i>	Cut-leaf Goodenia				X		
<i>Juncus</i> sp.	Rush					X	X
<i>Lachnagrostis filiformis</i> s.l.	Common Blown-grass						
<i>Lomandra micrantha</i> subsp. <i>micrantha</i>	Small-flower Mat-rush	X					
<i>Minuria leptophylla</i>	Minnie Daisy		X				
<i>Oxalis perennans</i>	Grassland Wood-sorrel		X	X	X	X	X
<i>Pimelea curviflora</i> var. <i>1</i>	Curved Rice-flower	X	X				
<i>Pimelea glauca</i>	Smooth Rice-flower	X	X		X	X	
<i>Pimelea spinescens</i> subsp. <i>spinescens</i>	Spiny Rice-flower	X	X				
<i>Plantago gaudichaudii</i>	Narrow Plantain		X		X		
<i>Poa labillardierei</i> var. <i>labillardierei</i>	Common Tussock-grass						
<i>Poa sieberiana</i>	Grey Tussock-grass		X				
<i>Rutidosis leptorhynchoides</i>	Button Wrinklewort		X		X		
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	Common Wallaby-grass	X	X		X		
<i>Rytidosperma duttonianum</i>	Brown-back Wallaby-grass		X	X	X	X	X
<i>Rytidosperma</i> sp.	Wallaby Grass	X		X	X	X	
<i>Senecio macrocarpus</i>	Large-headed Fireweed						
<i>Senecio quadridentatus</i>	Cotton Fireweed	X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Themeda triandra</i>	Kangaroo Grass	X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>	Yellow Rush-lily						
<i>Velleia paradoxa</i>	Spur Velleia						
<i>Veronica gracilis</i>	Slender Speedwell						
<i>Vittadinia cuneata</i>	Fuzzy New Holland Daisy				X		
<i>Wahlenbergia communis</i> s.s.	Tufted Bluebell	X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Walwhalleya prolata</i>	Rigid Panic					X	X
No. indigenous species		16	21	10	21	18	12

Introduced species

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz E Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																	
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes																		
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Aira	No	X		X	+			X	X	X	2						X		
*	<i>Alium triquetrum</i>	Angled Onion	Yes							+		+				+					
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	X		X	1	+		X	X	X	3	5	1	X	X	X	2	5	1
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	+		+	+			2	2	+		+	+	2	5	1			
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No	X	X	X	2		2	X	X	X	2	X	1			X	X	1	X
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes																+		
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No	X						X		X	1		1				2		2
*	<i>Centaureum spp.</i>	Centaury	No				+	+					+	X						X	
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes													3	5	1			1
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes																		
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes													+				1	1
*	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	Drain Flat-sedge	Yes																		
*	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cocksfoot	Yes							+											
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes							+				+	+	+		3		+	3
*	<i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	Annual Veldt-grass	No														X				
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes								+										
*PI	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>	Sugar Gum	Yes	+																	
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes	+						+											
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes													+					
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes													+					
*	<i>Helminthotheca echioides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes							+	+										
*	<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	Yorkshire Fog	No	X																	
*	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	Barley	No																		
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes										+						+		
*	<i>Iridaceae</i>	Iris	Yes							+											
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No												X						
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes																		
*	<i>Malva sp</i>	Mallow	No																		
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes																		
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes								+					+					
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes													+					
*	<i>Oxalis purpurea</i>	Large-flower Wood-sorrel	Yes													+					
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes																		
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes	+	+										+					+	

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz E Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																	
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
*	<i>Plantago coronopus subsp. coronopus</i>	Buck's-horn Plantain	Yes													+					
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	2	3	+	1	1	7	5	5	2	3	5	9	15	5	2	2	5	12
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes	+	+					+			+			+	+		1	+	
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No			X						X			X			X			
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius subsp. porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No							X		X	+				X	X			
*	<i>Trifolium arvense</i>	Hare's Foot Clover	No										+	X							
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No													X					X
*	<i>Vinca major</i>	Blue Periwinkle	Yes													+					
No. weed species				11	4	6	6	3	2	14	8	9	11	7	9	16	6	10	7	8	8
No. high threat weed species				6	3	2	2	1	1	9	5	3	4	3	4	14	4	5	3	5	4
% cover high threat weed species				2	3	+	1	1	7	7	10	2	4	6	10	20	15	7	3	6	17

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz E Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																		
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	
				4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes	+																		
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Aira	No										X				X	X	1			
*	<i>Alium triquetrum</i>	Angled Onion	Yes								+											
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	X	X	X	X	X					5	20		X	X	X	4	2	3	
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	2	2	+	1	1		25	45	+	5	5	7	5	10					
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No		X	X	X	X		X			2	X	X			X	1	X		
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes									+	+	+		1						
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No		X								3		7			X	1		X	
*	<i>Centaureum spp.</i>	Centaury	No				X	X					X	X	X					X		
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes	+								7	10	+	+	3	+	2				
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes									+										
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes									+	2	+	+		+					
*	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	Drain Flat-sedge	Yes										+		+	2						
*	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cocksfoot	Yes		+												+	+	1			
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes					+	+				+	+		3	+	+	+	1	1	2
*	<i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	Annual Veldt-grass	No			X						X	X	1				X				
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes						+						2							
*PI	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>	Sugar Gum	Yes	+	+																	

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz E Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																	
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes												+		+	+			
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes									+	+								
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes								+										
*	<i>Helminthotheca echioides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes	+		+		+		7	5		+	2	+						
*	<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	Yorkshire Fog	No																		
*	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	Barley	No										X								
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes																		
*	<i>Iridaceae</i>	Iris	Yes																		
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No		X			X			X		X	3	2				X		X
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes											+				+			
*	<i>Malva sp</i>	Mallow	No										X	X							
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes			+															
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes							+							+				
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes	+		+										+		1			
*	<i>Oxalis purpurea</i>	Large-flower Wood-sorrel	Yes	+		+															
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes								+			2	2						
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes						+						2				1	3	+
*	<i>Plantago coronopus subsp. coronopus</i>	Buck's-horn Plantain	Yes																		
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	3	3	2	2	2	3	17	15	10	10	10	22	20	5	3	2	5	10
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes		+		+			+		+	1	+					+		
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No			X	X				X	X	1	2	5	X		X			X
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius subsp. porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No			X					X		X	X							
*	<i>Trifolium arvense</i>	Hare's Foot Clover	No				X														
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No								X		X		X	X		X			
*	<i>Vinca major</i>	Blue Periwinkle	Yes																		
No. weed species				9	9	11	8	9	3	8	14	12	20	18	14	12	8	12	9	6	7
No. high threat weed species				8	5	6	3	5	3	7	9	9	8	11	9	9	6	5	4	3	3
% cover high threat weed species				5	5	2	3	4	3	50	72	22	18	22	43	25	20	5	4	9	13

Legend for all tables: * = introduced species; # = native species occurring outside of natural range; PI = planted, X = species recorded but cover not assessed (i.e. not high-threat weed species); + = negligible cover

Appendix 4: Raw baseline data for species composition and high-threat weed cover – Habit Zone D

Cover estimates

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz D Management Zones																								
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	
	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	85	90	100	100	100	100	110	93	100	100	100	100	100	97	100	100	100	100	100	100	116	100
Overall species cover (%)	50	80	45	55	65	80	70	72	65	75	82	82	80	75	75	75	87	88	77	77	80	79	96	90	
Indigenous species cover (%)	5	5	15	40	40	60	40	42	40	65	70	75	75	70	73	70	80	82	70	65	73	73	75	83	
Introduced species cover (%)	45	75	30	15	25	20	30	30	25	10	12	7	5	5	2	5	7	6	7	12	7	6	21	7	
Bare ground cover (%)	35	10	40	15	15	10	15	11	15	10	10	11	10	10	10	5	5	6	7	8	5	1	10	3	
Organic litter cover (%)	15	10	15	15	10	10	15	17	20	25	1	7	10	15	15	20	5	6	16	15	15	20	10	7	

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz D Management Zones																							
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	100	111	100	100	100	100	100	94	100	100	100	100	98	103	100	100	100	100	100	110	100
Overall species cover (%)	35	65	50	58	81	75	70	73	50	71	88	81	80	78	77	73	93	78	60	62	30	75	90	85
Indigenous species cover (%)	15	20	40	50	65	65	40	40	40	65	80	66	55	65	70	65	75	68	15	22	15	65	80	70
Introduced species cover (%)	20	45	10	8	16	10	30	33	10	6	8	15	25	13	7	8	18	10	45	40	15	10	10	15
Bare ground cover (%)	15	15	30	20	15	5	15	12	30	4	1	6	5	5	3	+	+	7	25	22	50	5	5	5
Organic litter cover (%)	50	20	20	22	15	20	15	15	20	25	5	13	15	17	20	25	10	15	15	16	20	20	15	10

Cover Estimate Measures	Hz D Management Zones										
	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
Total cover (%)	100	100	100	100	113	100	100	100	100	71	100
Overall species cover (%)	22	26	50	70	83	81	87	50	60	55	75
Indigenous species cover (%)	15	5	30	60	70	66	15	7	45	30	72
Introduced species cover (%)	7	21	20	10	13	15	72	43	15	25	3
Bare ground cover (%)	3	4	30	10	10	3	5	30	20	15	15
Organic litter cover (%)	75	70	20	20	20	16	8	20	20	1	10

Indigenous species

Scientific Name	Common Name	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (X)									
		1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11
<i>Acaena echinata</i>	Sheep's Burr	X	X	X	X						
<i>Asperula conferta</i>	Common Woodruff	X	X	X	X			X			
<i>Austrostipa bigeniculata</i>	Kneed Spear-grass	X			X	X	X				
<i>Austrostipa sp.</i>	Spear Grass		X		X				X	X	
<i>Calocephalus citreus</i>	Lemon Beauty-heads			X	X						X
<i>Chloris truncata</i>	Windmill Grass										
<i>Chrysocephalum sp. 1</i>	Plains Everlasting										
<i>Convolvulus angustissimus subsp. omnigracilis</i>	Slender Bindweed	X	X	X	X				X		X
<i>Dianella admixta</i>	Black-anther Flax-lily	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
<i>Dianella sp. aff. longifolia (Benambra)</i>	Arching Flax-lily				X						
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa var. tomentosa</i>	Ruby Saltbush										
<i>Eryngium ovinum</i>	Blue Devil	X	X	X	X			X			
<i>Geranium retrorsum s.l.</i>	Grassland Crane's-bill	X	X	X	X						X
<i>Goodenia pinnatifida</i>	Cut-leaf Goodenia										
<i>Juncus sp.</i>	Rush				X				X		
<i>Minuria leptophylla</i>	Minnie Daisy										
<i>Oxalis perennans</i>	Grassland Wood-sorrel	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X
<i>Pimelea curviflora var. 1</i>	Curved Rice-flower	X		X	X						
<i>Pimelea glauca</i>	Smooth Rice-flower	X		X	X		X		X	X	
<i>Pimelea spinescens subsp. spinescens</i>	Spiny Rice-flower		X	X	X						
<i>Plantago gaudichaudii</i>	Narrow Plantain										
<i>Poa labillardierei var. labillardierei</i>	Common Tussock-grass	X			X					X	
<i>Poa sieberiana</i>	Grey Tussock-grass	X			X		X				
<i>Pycnosorus chrysanthes</i>	Golden Billy-buttons			X	X						
<i>Rutidosia leptorhynchoides</i>	Button Wrinklewort			X	X						
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	Common Wallaby-grass	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	
<i>Rytidosperma duttonianum</i>	Brown-back Wallaby-grass	X			X	X	X		X	X	
<i>Rytidosperma sp.</i>	Wallaby Grass	X			X						X
<i>Senecio quadridentatus</i>	Cotton Fireweed	X			X						X
<i>Senecio squarrosus s.l.</i>	Leafy Fireweed										
<i>Solenogyne dominii</i>	Smooth Solenogyne										
<i>Themeda triandra</i>	Kangaroo Grass	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Velleia paradoxa</i>	Spur Velleia										
<i>Veronica gracilis</i>	Slender Speedwell										
<i>Vittadinia cuneata</i>	Fuzzy New Holland Daisy				X	X			X		
<i>Wahlenbergia communis s.s.</i>	Tufted Bluebell	X									
<i>Walwhalleya proluta</i>	Rigid Panic	X		X	X		X		X		X

Scientific Name	Common Name	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (X)										
		1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	
No. indigenous species		19	11	15	26	7	9	4	10	8	9	

Introduced species

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																									
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024		
				1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes					+																					
*PI	<i>Acacia saligna</i>	Golden-wreath Wattle	Yes	+																	+								
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Aira	No		X		X									X	X							X					
*	<i>Asparagus asparagoides</i>	Bridal Creeper	Yes		+																			1					
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	X	X	X	5	10	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X		X	X	X		3	X		
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	10	20	2	2	1	+		+	+									+	2							
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No	X		X	2	5	X			X	X	1	X	X	X	X	3	5	X	X	X	X	4	7	1		
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes	+			+		+																				
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No	X					X			X			1						X	X	X	X					
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes	3	7	10				5	7																		
*	<i>Centaureum spp.</i>	Centaury	No			+	1	1	X				X	1					X	X			X		X	X			
*	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Yes	+																									
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes								+																		
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes	+	2	6	+	+	10														+	+					
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes	+	+																								
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes		+							+													+				
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes	+								+																	
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes		+																								
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																										
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes								+																		
*	<i>Helminthotheca echinoides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes	5	1	+	+	+	1		+	2	+	+	+							+	+	+		+			
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes	+				+	+																+				
*	<i>Iridaceae</i>	Iris	Yes																			+							
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No	X	X		X	X	X																X				
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes	X			+		+				5													+			
*	<i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel	No				X	X																					
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes	+																									

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																									
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024		
				1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4		
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes																										
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes	+						+																			
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes	+						+																			
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes	2	+	+	5	2	+	10	7	2	3	5	+		1			1	+	+	+		+	+	+		
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	25	45	12	5	5	7	15	15	10	6	5	6	5	4	1	1	1	5	6	8	5	2	10	5		
*	<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>	Giant mustard	Yes	+																									
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes	+			+	+		+		+	+	+		+	+		+	+		+	+		+				
*	<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	No	X				X	X																				
*	<i>Solanum nigrin</i>	Black Nightshade	No		X				X																				
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No	X	X	X	X	X	2		X	X														X	X		
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius subsp. porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No	X	X					X		X																	
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No	X	X					X																			
No. weed species				27	17	10	15	15	17	8	9	11	7	7	5	4	6	4	5	6	3	13	10	6	6	10	7		
No. high threat weed species				18	10	6	8	8	9	5	7	6	4	4	3	2	4	1	2	3	2	10	7	2	2	5	3		
% cover high threat weed species				45	75	30	14	9	20	30	30	19	10	11	7	5	5	1	1	2	5	7	12	5	2	11	6		

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																							
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024						
				6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8						
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes																								
*PI	<i>Acacia saligna</i>	Golden-wreath Wattle	Yes																								
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Aira	No				X					X							X	1							
*	<i>Asparagus asparagoides</i>	Bridal Creeper	Yes																								
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No		X	X	4	5				X	X	1	5	X	X	X		X	1						
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes	+	30		+	+			+	3	1				+	3	2								
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No									X		X	3	X	2	X		X	4	10	X				
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes																								
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No	X														X	X		1						
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes																								
*	<i>Centaureum spp.</i>	Centaury	No					X													X						
*	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Yes																								
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavesces</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes																								

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																		
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	
				6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i> var. <i>dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes																			
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta</i> var. <i>erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes							+												
*	<i>Erigeron</i> sp.	Fleabane	Yes								+											
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes																			
*	<i>Galenia pubescens</i> var. <i>pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes																			
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																			
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																			
*	<i>Helminthotheca echinoides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes					+			+			+						+	1	
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes																			
*	<i>Iridaceae</i>	Iris	Yes																			
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No						X						X						X	
*	<i>Lolium</i> spp.	Rye grass	Yes																			
*	<i>Lysimachia arvense</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel	No																			
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes	15																		
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes								+											
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes	+							+											
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes																			
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes													1	+		+	2	1	
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	5	15	8	4	10	10	30	30	8	2	3	13	20	10	5	2	5	5	
*	<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>	Giant mustard	Yes																			
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes				+			+		+		+					+	+		
*	<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	No																			
*	<i>Solanum nigrin</i>	Black Nightshade	No																			
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No		X			X	X		X							X				1
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius</i> subsp. <i>porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No			X					X											
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No																			
No. weed species				5	4	3	5	6	3	6	9	5	3	5	4	6	5	5	8	7	5	
No. high threat weed species				4	2	1	3	3	1	5	5	3	1	3	1	3	3	2	3	4	3	
% cover high threat weed species				20	45	8	5	10	10	30	33	9	2	3	13	25	13	7	3	8	7	

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
#PI	<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden Wattle	Yes																	
*PI	<i>Acacia saligna</i>	Golden-wreath Wattle	Yes							+	3				+					
*	<i>Aira spp.</i>	Aira	No		X		X						X	X		X				
*	<i>Asparagus asparagoides</i>	Bridal Creeper	Yes																	
*	<i>Avena sp.</i>	Oat	No	10	X	X	3	5	X	2		X	2	5			X	X		
*	<i>Brassica fruticulosa</i>	Twiggy Turnip	Yes		+					2	1		+	+						
*	<i>Briza spp.</i>	Quaking-grass	No	X	X	X	5	3	1	X		X	4	5	2	X		1	5	X
*	<i>Bromus catharticus var. catharticus</i>	Prairie Grass	Yes													+	1			
*	<i>Bromus hordeaceus subsp. hordeaceus</i>	Soft Brome	No						2				X		X					
*	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>	Kikuyu	Yes							1										
*	<i>Centaurium spp.</i>	Centaury	No					X					X	1	X	X		X		
*	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Yes																	
*	<i>Cynara cardunculus subsp. flavescens</i>	Artichoke Thistle	Yes																	
*	<i>Cynodon dactylon var. dactylon</i>	Couch	Yes													2		+		
*	<i>Ehrharta erecta var. erecta</i>	Panic Veldt-grass	Yes																	
*	<i>Erigeron sp.</i>	Fleabane	Yes		+															
*PI	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Desert Ash	Yes							+										
*	<i>Galenia pubescens var. pubescens</i>	Galenia	Yes																	
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																	
*	<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's Foot	Yes																	
*	<i>Helminthotheca echioides</i>	Ox-tongue	Yes		+								+			10				
*	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's Ear	Yes																	
*	<i>Iridaceae</i>	Iris	Yes																	
*	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce	No								X									
*	<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	Yes			7														
*	<i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel	No																	
*	<i>Nassella neesiana</i>	Chilean Needle-grass	Yes																	
*	<i>Nassella trichotoma</i>	Serrated Tussock	Yes																	
*	<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob	Yes																	
*	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Paspalum	Yes																	
*	<i>Phalaris aquatica</i>	Toowoomba Canary-grass	Yes													30		2	15	+
*	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort	Yes	35	40	4	2	2	10	2	15	15	3	2	12	30	40	10	5	3
*	<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>	Giant mustard	Yes																	
*	<i>Romulea rosea</i>	Onion Grass	Yes			2		+					+	+			1	1	+	

Origin	Scientific Name	Common Name	High Threat	Hz D Management Zones - Presence (x) / Projected Foliage Cover (%)																
				2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	2018	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024	Mar 2020	Spring 2020	Dec 2021	Jan 2023	Feb 2024
				9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
*	<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	No													X				
*	<i>Solanum nigrin</i>	Black Nightshade	No																	
*	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sow-thistle	No		X			X	1			X		X	X		X			
*	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius subsp. porrifolius</i>	Salsify	No																	
*	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch	No													X				
No. weed species				3	8	5	4	6	5	7	4	6	8	8	6	9	6	6	4	3
No. high threat weed species				1	4	3	1	2	1	6	3	2	3	3	2	6	3	4	3	2
% cover high threat weed species				35	40	13	2	2	10	7	21	15	4	3	12	72	42	13	20	3

Legend for all tables: * = introduced species; # = native species occurring outside of natural range; PI = planted, X = species recorded but cover not assessed (i.e. not high-threat weed species); + = negligible cover

Appendix 5: Photo points: Comparison between November 2018 and Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 1 (Photo point 10)



Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 2a (Photo point 11a)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 2b (Photo point 11b)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 3 (Photo point 14) – was formerly in Zone F5



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 3 (Photo point 32) – new photo point created in Mar 2020



Mar 2020



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 4a (Photo point 13a)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 4b (Photo point 13b)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 4c (Photo point 13c) - new photo point created in Mar 2020



March 2020



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 5a (Photo point 33) - new photo point created in Mar 2020



March 2020



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 5b (Photo point 12) - new photo point created in Mar 2020



March 2020



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 6 (Photo point 15)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 7 (Photo point 20)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 8 (Photo point 19)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone F - Management Zone 9 (Photo point 16)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 1 (Photo point 4)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 2 (Photo point 2)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 2 (Photo point 8) - was formerly in Zone E7



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 3 (Photo point 7)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 4 (Photo point 3)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 4 (Photo point 5)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 5 (Photo point 9)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone E - Management Zone 6 (Photo point 6)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 1 (Photo point 24)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 1 (Photo point 28)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 2 (Photo point 21)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 3 (Photo point 29)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 4 (Photo point 22)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 6 (Photo point 26)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 7 (Photo point 25)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 8 (Photo point 23)



2018



Feb 2024

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 9 (Photo point 30)



2018



Jan 2023

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 10 (Photo point 31)



2018



Jan 2023

Habitat Zone D - Management Zone 11 (Photo point 34) – new zone added in March 2020



March 2020



Feb 2024

Appendix 6: Threatened species census list – February 2024

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Species counts						
Button Wrinklewort				71		
Large-headed Fireweed				7		
Small Milkwort				1		
Spiny Rice-flower				536		
Species list						
Button Wrinklewort	398	34	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	396	35	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	219	36		1		
Button Wrinklewort	213	37	3.7	1		
Button Wrinklewort	220	38	3	1		
Button Wrinklewort	242	39	2.45	1		
Button Wrinklewort	394	40	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	243	41	2.8	1		
Button Wrinklewort	393	42	-	1	Tag 42 missing	
Button Wrinklewort	-	43	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	-	44	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	-	45	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	-	46	-	2		2 plants now, new recruit
Button Wrinklewort	-	47	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	-	48	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	-	49	-	1		
Button Wrinklewort	-	50	-	1		Appears to be dead
Button Wrinklewort	218	51	3.25	1		
Button Wrinklewort	353	-	-	1	New recruit (2019)	
Button Wrinklewort	391	-	-	1	Planted spring 2019	
Button Wrinklewort	392	-	-	1	New recruit (2019)	
Button Wrinklewort	-	SA X T4	-	0	Planted spring 2020	Appears to be dead
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T9	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T3	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	SA X T3	-	0	Planted spring 2020	Appears to be dead
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T5	-	1	Planted spring 2020	
Button Wrinklewort	-	SA X T2	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T1	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T7	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	SA x T4	-	1	Planted spring 2020	
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T1	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T3	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T6	-	0	Planted spring 2020 - almost dead	No longer present
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T2	-	0	Planted spring 2020 - now dead	Appears to be dead

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)	
Button Wrinklewort	-	SA X T3	-	0	Planted spring 2020 - now dead	Appears to be dead	
Button Wrinklewort	-	T X T4	-	1	Planted spring 2020		
Button Wrinklewort	-	SA X T2	-	0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort		T X T7		0	Planted spring 2020 - now dead	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort		T X T2		0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort		SA X T4		0	Planted spring 2020	Appears to be dead	
Button Wrinklewort		T X T6		0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort		SA X T1		0	Planted spring 2020 - now dead	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort		SA X t3		0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort		SA x t2		0	Planted spring 2020	No longer present	
Button Wrinklewort				10	Planted between 2021 and 2023	10 new plants, no tag	
Button Wrinklewort			6	6 new plants, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			7	7 new plants, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			1	1 new plant, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			3	3 new plants, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			5	5 new plants, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			3	3 new plants, no tag			
Button Wrinklewort			4	4 new plants, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			2	2 new plants, no tags			
Button Wrinklewort			1	new plant, no tag			
Button Wrinklewort			1	new plant, not tagged			
Button Wrinklewort			4	4-5 new plants, not tagged			
Large-headed Fireweed	395	-	-	1		New record	
Large-headed Fireweed	399	-	-	1		New record	
Large-headed Fireweed	400	-	-	1		New record	
Large-headed Fireweed	841	-	-	1	New record		
Large-headed Fireweed	842	-	-	1	New record		
Large-headed Fireweed	843	-	-	1	New record		
Large-headed Fireweed	844	-	-	1	New record		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Small Milkwort	124		2.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	101		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	102		2.5	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	103		2.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	104		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	105		2.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	106		1.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	107		1.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	108		2.15	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	109		2.45	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	110		2.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	111		1.45	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	112		1.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	113		1.8	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	114		2.05	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	114		2.35	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	115		1.35	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	115		1.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	116		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	117		3.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	118		2.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	118		2.15	6		
Spiny Rice-flower	119		2.05	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	120		1.35	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	121		1.9	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	122		2.1	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	123		2.35	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	125		1.55	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	126		3.85	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	127		2.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	128		3.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	129		2.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	130		2.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	131		1.9	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	132		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	132		3.1	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	133		2.6	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	134		2.95	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	134		2.15	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	135		3.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	136		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	137		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	138		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	138		3.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	139		2.45	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	140		1.5	1		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	140		1.7	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	141		1.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	142		2.35	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	143		1.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	144		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	145		3.05	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	146		2.55	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	147		1.3	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	148		1.55	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	149		2	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	150		1.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	151		2.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	152		2.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	153		1.8	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	154		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	155		2.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	156		5.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	156		3.3	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	157		2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	158		1.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	158		1.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	159		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	160		3	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	160		2.2	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	161		1.9	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	161		3.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	162		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	162		2.35	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	163		2.85	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	163		1.95	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	164		3.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	165		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	165		3.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	166		1.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	166		1.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	167		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	168		3	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	168		2.05	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	169		1.35	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	169		2.8	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	170		1.65	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	170		2.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	171		1.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	172		2.9	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	173		2.15	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	174		2.7	2		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	174		2.35	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	175		3.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	175		2.3	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	176		3.55	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	176		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	177		2.15	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	177		2.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	178		2.05	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	178		1.8	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	179		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	179		2.05	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	180		2.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	180		2.55	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	181		5.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	182		3.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	182		3.1	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	183		3.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	184		2.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	185		2.7	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	185		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	186		3.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	187		3.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	188		2.75	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	189		3.3	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	189		2.1	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	190		2.9	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	190		3.45	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	191		2.65	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	192		2.35	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	193		2.05	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	194		1.6	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	195		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	196		2.35	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	197		3	6		
Spiny Rice-flower	197		3	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	198		2.55	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	199		2.2	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	200		2.35	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	201		1.95	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	202		3.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	203		3.15	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	204		2.9	6		
Spiny Rice-flower	205		1.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	206		2.15	6		
Spiny Rice-flower	207		1.95	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	208		1.6	3		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	209		3.15	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	210		2.85	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	211		3.15	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	212		3.15	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	214		2.7	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	215		2.4	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	216		2	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	217		2.2	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	219		2.05	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	222		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	223		1.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	224		1.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	225		1.55	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	226		2.95	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	226		1.75	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	227		3.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	227		1.95	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	228		2.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	228		2.5	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	229		3.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	229		2.5	6		
Spiny Rice-flower	230		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	230		2.2	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	231		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	231		2.1	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	232		3.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	232		3.1	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	233		3.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	233		3.3	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	234		2.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	234		1.6	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	234		3.15	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	235		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	235		2	4		
Spiny Rice-flower	236		3.35	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	236		2.35	5		
Spiny Rice-flower	237		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	237		2.45	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	238		3.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	238		1.85	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	239		2.8	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	239		1.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	240		1.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	240		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	241		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	241		1.75	1		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	242		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	243		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	244		2.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	244		0.65	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	245		2.1	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	245		2.7	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	246		2.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	246		4.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	247		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	247		9.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	248		2.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	248		9.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	249		2.4	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	249		8.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	250		1.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	250		11.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	251		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	251		8.4	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	252		3.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	252		8.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	253		3.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	253		4.5	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	254		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	254		5	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	255		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	255		9.35	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	256		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	256		6.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	257		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	257		9.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	258		2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	258		5.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	259		0.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	259		5.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	260		0.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	260		5.85	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	261		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	261		10.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	262		2.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	262		10.5	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	263		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	263		9.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	264		2.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	264		1.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	265		8.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	266		1.85	2		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	266		10.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	267		1.65	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	267		13	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	268		1.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	268		10	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	269		2.2	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	269		11.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	270		2.55	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	270		8.7	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	271		2.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	271		8.8	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	272		2.95	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	272		7.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	273		2.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	273		5	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	274		2.85	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	274		9.7	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	275		3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	275		9.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	276		2.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	276		11.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	277		2.55	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	277		10	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	278		2.45	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	278		11.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	280		1.9	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	281		1.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	282		2.45	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	283		2.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	284		2.35	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	285		2.6	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	286		2.55	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	287		2.85	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	288		2.45	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	289		3.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	290		2.85	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	291		2.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	292		1.95	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	293		1.95	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	294		2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	295		2.5	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	296		2.15	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	297		1.8	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	298		2.1	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	299		3.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	300		3.5	1		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	301		3.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	302		3.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	303		3.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	304		4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	305		4.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	306		4.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	307		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	308		2.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	309		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	310		12.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	311		2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	312		2.35	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	313		1.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	314		1.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	315		2.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	316		3.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	317		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	318		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	319		2.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	320		3.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	321		3.25	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	322		7.4	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	323		2.25	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	324		1.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	325		2.8	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	326		3.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	327		2.75	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	328		4.45	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	330		4.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	331		2.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	332		3.2	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	333		3.2	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	334		3.6	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	335		3.7	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	337		2.5	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	338		1.8	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	339		2.1	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	340		1.35	3		
Spiny Rice-flower	341		2.35	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	342		2.05	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	343		1.7	2		
Spiny Rice-flower	343		4.3	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	344		2.7	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	345		1.85	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	346		2.05	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	347		2.1	1		

Species	Tag number (BL&A)	Tag number (MCMC)	Distance from fence (m)	Number of plants	Notes	Notes (2024)
Spiny Rice-flower	348		2	5		
Spiny Rice-flower	349		1.65	1		
Spiny Rice-flower	350		1.85	2		